

## **Clipston Endowed VC Primary School**

## EYFS Long Term Overview

		cation and Language	
	Listening, atte	ntion and understanding	
Baseline	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Understand why listening is important.	Know that they need to be quiet and	Listen attentively and respond to what they
and look at someone when		concentrate when listening.	hear with relevant questions, comments and
they are speaking.	Listen to and follow an instruction.		actions when being read to and during whole
		Maintain attention, concentration and	class discussions and small group interactions.
User prepositions when	Follow instructions, provided they are not over-	sitting quietly during appropriate activities.	
following instructions.	engaged in their own activity.		Make comments about what they have hear
		Listen to a whole story from beginning to	and ask questions to clarify their understanding
Ask and respond to 'why'	Listen to stories with increased attention and	end.	
questions.	recall.		Hold conversation when engaged in back- and-
		Respond to instructions involving a two-	forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
Follow stories read to them	Ask and respond to 'why' questions.	part sequence.	
and talk about the pictures			
in the book.	Show interest in the lives of other people or	Listen and respond to ideas expressed by	
	events.	others in conversation and discussion.	
		Remember key points from a story	
	Listen to one another in one to one or small	without needing prompts.	
	groups.	without needing prompts.	
		Show specific interest in a non-fiction book	
	Show interest in non-fiction books.	linked to a topic or theme.	
		Speaking	
Know many rhymes, be able	Expand their vocabulary to include new words related		Participate in small group, class and one- to-one
to talk about familiar books	to the topic or theme.	,	discussions, offering their own ideas, using
and be able to tell a long		Ask questions to learn more about an	recently introduced vocabulary.
story	Continue to use new vocabulary when the topic or	event or task	•
Develop their	theme has ended.		Offer explanations for why things may happen,
communication but may		Use complete sentences more regularly.	making use of recently introduced vocabulary
struggle with using tenses	Ask questions to understand.	Use language to imagine and recreate	from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems
accurately		roles and experience in play situations.	where appropriate
	Retell a simple past event in the correct order.		
Begin to use sentences		Link statements sticking to a main theme	

with 4-6 words Begin to start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it in turns.	Use talk in pretending th something else in play, e sword. Use talk to connect ideas happened and anticipate next, recalling and relivin	g. this ruler is my , explained what has what might happen	or intention., Use talk to orgai thinking, feeling	nise, sequence and clarify s and ideas.	experiences using for use of past, present	and feelings about their ull sentences, including t and future tenses and unctions, with modelling heir teacher.
		Personal, Social ar	d Emotional [	Development		
		Self	-Regulation		1	
Baseline	Autun	nn Term	Sp	ring Term	Summer Terr	n
The mindful approach to PSHE	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Select and use activities and resources	Describe themselves and talk about their (		Recognise ther individual.	nselves as a valuable	feelings and the	standing of their own ose of others, and te their behaviour
Enjoy the responsibility of carrying out small tasks	Be confident to spea needs, wants, interes		0, 1	ss their feelings and ey have been kind and	accordingly; Set and work towa	
Be confident to talk to other children when	the feelings of others	5.	Moderate their have been upse	r feelings when they et.	and control their i when appropriate	mmediate impulses ;
playing and communicating freely about their own home	Know when they are situation and explain	•	Be confident to	try new activities.	Give focused atter teacher says, resp	ntion to what the onding appropriately
and community.	Choose their own eq is necessary to comp	•	Say why they li more than othe	ke some activities ers.	even when engage show an ability to	-
Be outgoing towards unfamiliar people and be more confident in new social situations	Show enthusiasm an anticipating and enga activities.		Be confident to group.	o speak in a familiar		
Show confidence when asking adults for help			Be happy to tal own ideas.			
Welcome and value			Choose the res	ources they need for		

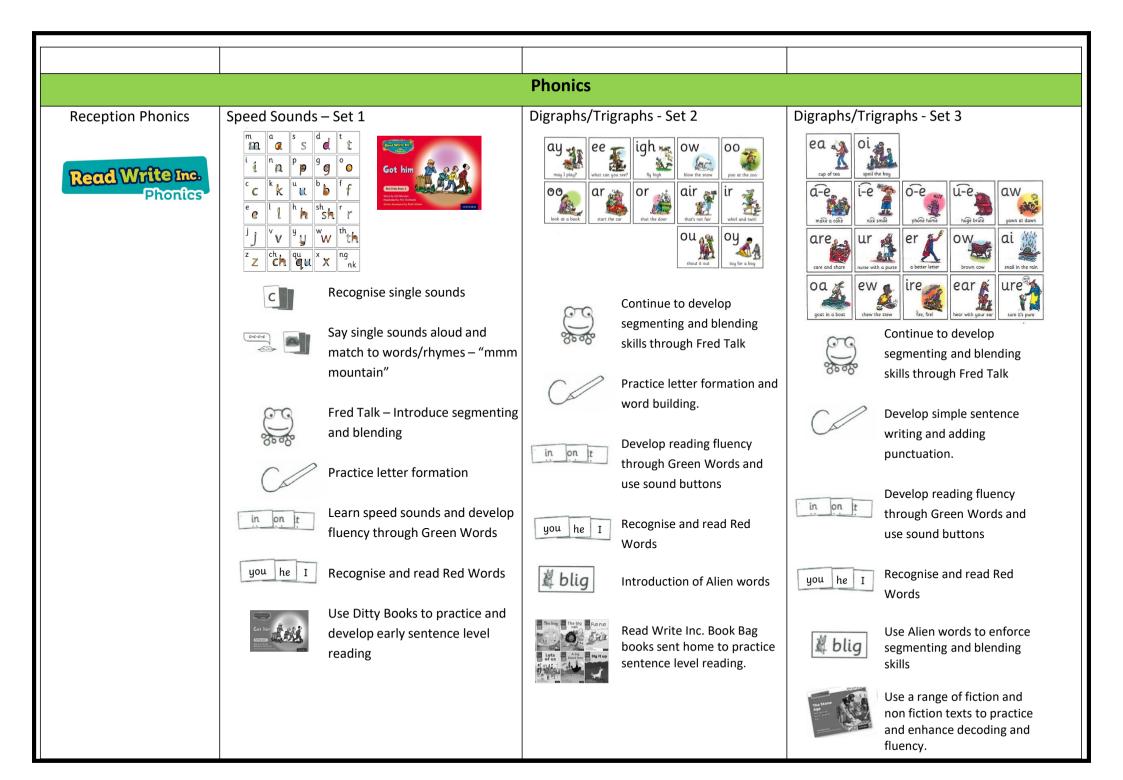
praise for what they have done.		Say when they do and do not need help.	
	Μ	anaging Self	
Be aware of own feelings, and know that some actions and words can help others feelings. Begin to accept the needs of others, taking turns and sharing resources, sometimes with support from others Usually tolerate delay when their needs are not immediately met. Understand that their wishes may not always be met. Adopt their behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine.	Show that they can stick with an activity, even if it is challenging. Select and use activities and resources with help.	Be able to talk about a challenging task and be prepared to have a go. Welcome and value praise for what they have done. Willingly participate in a wide range of activities. Show enthusiasm and excitement when anticipating and engaging in certain activities. Be confident to speak to others about wants, needs, interests and opinions. Be confident in speaking in front of a small group. Describe themselves in positive terms and talk about their abilities Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge Have an awareness of keeping teeth	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and how to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

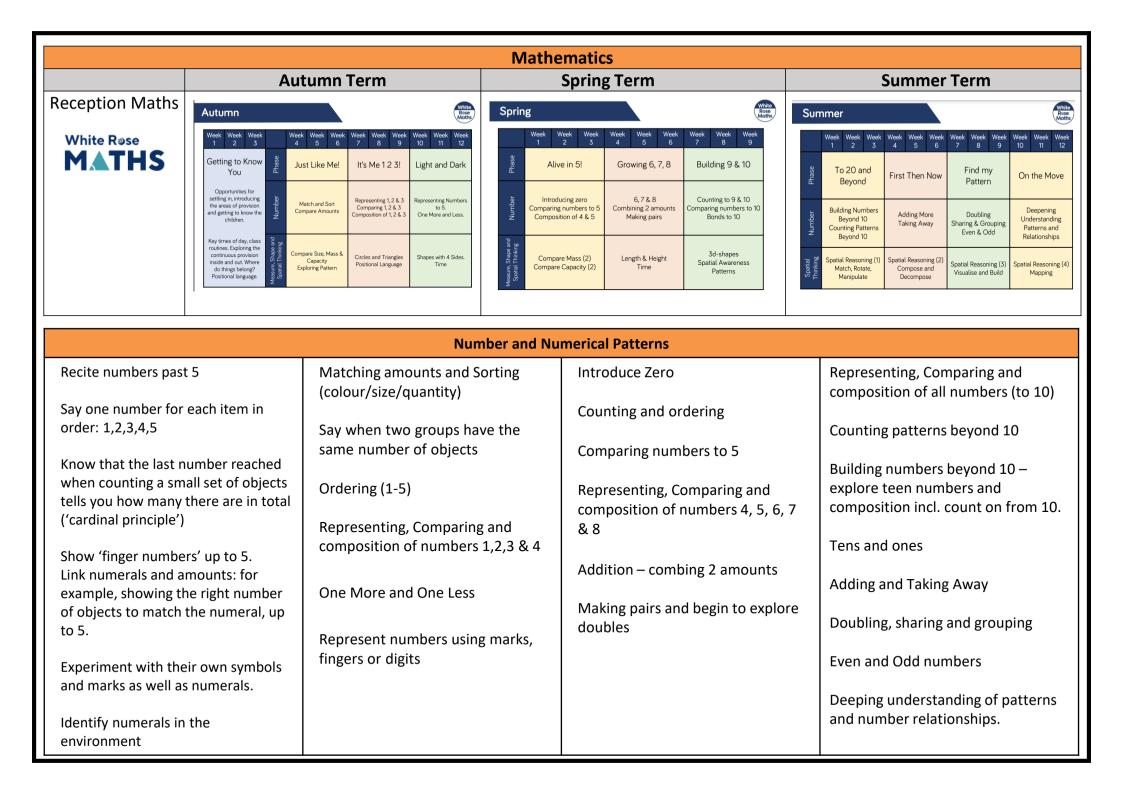
	Build	ing Relationships	
Play in a group, extending and elaborating play ideas	Learn to listen to one another and show	Build constructive and respectful relationships	Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others.
Initiate play, offering opportunities for others to join in.	Initiate conversations, attending to and taking account of what others say	Play co-operatively with others and take into account their ideas	Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers
Keep play going by responding to what	Explaining knowledge and understanding and asking appropriate questions of others	Be happy to listen to others' organisational ideas	Show sensitivity to their own and others needs.
others are saying.	Take steps to resolve conflicts with others and attempt to find a compromise.	Show sensitivity to others' feelings	
Demonstrate friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and		Form positive relatoionships with adults and other children.	
forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults.			
		Physical	
		ss Motor Skills	
Baseline	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Skip, hop and stand on one leg and hold position for a few seconds.	Show increasing control when linking movements together.	Start to experiment with different types of movements.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others
Balance and ride a trike or scooter.	Know that it is good to be active and sometimes get out of breath.	Recognise how they can refine a range of physical actions such as rolling, running, skipping etc	-
Use stairs using alternate feet.	Move freely with confidence in a range of ways.	Jump off objects safely and carefully.	Move energetically, such as running,

Respond to music using	Mount stairs, steps or climbing equipment	Negotiate space carefully.	jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and
	using alternative steps.		climbing.
and rhythm.	<u> </u>	Travel with confidence and skill when	C C
	Walk down stairs two feet to each step.	moving around under, over and	
		through various equipment.	
	Stand momentarily on one foot.		
		Show increasing control when	
	Run skilfully whilst negotiating space	throwing, catching and kicking a ball.	
	successfully, adjusting speed and direction as		
	needed.		
		e Motor Skills	
Pick up tiny objects using	Draw lines and circles using gross motor	_	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for
a pincer grasp.	movements.		fluent writing – using the tripod grip in
Maka simpla models using	Use one handed tools and equipment, eg.	increasing control.	almost all cases.
small pieces such as lego	child scissors	Show a preference for a dominant	Use a range of small tools including
sinali pieces such as lego		hand.	scissors, paint brushes and cutlery
Make small cuts in paper	Hold pencils between thumb and two fingers		seissons, paint brasiles and cattery
with scissors	instead of whole hand.	Begin to show anti-clockwise	Begin to show accuracy and care when
		movements and retrace vertical lines.	drawing.
Use a comfortable grip	Begin to hold pencil correctly and show good		_
with good control when	control.	Begin to form recognisable letters.	
holding pens, pencils and			
paint brushes	Copy some letters, especially from their own		
	name.	form recognisable letters, especially in	
Begin to show a		their own name.	
preference for a dominant hand			
IIdilu			
		Literacy	
	W	ord Reading	
Baseline	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Join in with rhymes and	Join in with rhymes and stories.	Read individual letters by saying the	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet
stories		sounds for them	and at least 10 digraphs

Identify rhymes	Join in with the rhythm of well-known	Read simple words and simple	Read words consistent with their phonic
	rhymes and songs	sentences	knowledge by sound-blending
Join in with the rhythm of			
well-known rhymes and	Recognise their own name	Identify rhymes	Read aloud simple sentences and books
songs			that are consistent with their phonic
	Identify sounds in words, in particular initial	Blend sounds into words, so that they	knowledge, including some common
Recognise own name	sounds	can read short words made up of	exception words.
		letter-sound correspondences	
	Segment and blend simple words,		
	demonstrating knowledge of sounds (with	Read some letter groups that each	
	support)	represent one sound and say sounds for them	
	Link sounds to letters in the alphabet		
		Read a few common exception words	
		linked to the school's phonic	
		programme	
		Read simple phrases and sentences	
		made up of letters with known letter-	
		sound correspondences and, where	
		necessary, a few exception words	
	Со	mprehension	
Hold a book, turn the	Hold a book, turn the pages and indicate an	Talk about events and characters in books	Demonstrate an understanding of what has
page and indicate an	understanding of pictures and print	Make suggestions about what might	been read to them by retelling stories and
understanding of pictures		happen next in a story	narratives using their own words and
and print	Tell a story to friends		recently introduced vocabulary.
		Read simple words and sentences Talk	
Tell a story to friends			Anticipate – where appropriate – key
Talk about events and		about their favourite book	events in stories
characters in books			
		Use vocabulary and events from stories in their play	Use and understand the recently
			introduced vocabulary during
Make suggestions about			

in a story		confidence, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment in word reading.	discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, poems and during role play.
		Writing	
Tell an adult what they have drawn or painted Recognise a capital letter at the start of their name Identify sounds from own name in other words Ascribe meaning to other marks, like on signage Start to write identifiable shapes and letters Draw lines and circles in the air, on the floor or on large sheets of paper Use tools for mark making with control Grip using 5 fingers or preferably 2 fingers and thumb for control	<ul> <li>Begin to form lower-case and capital letters correctly</li> <li>Be more confident in writing identifiable shapes and letters</li> <li>Segment and blend the sounds in simple words and naming sounds</li> <li>Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sounds with letters</li> <li>Talk about sentences and start to write short sentences</li> <li>Start to use full stops and capital letters in the correct places</li> </ul>	Use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways that match their spoken sounds Write some irregular common words Write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others Spell small, familiar words correctly and make phonetically plausible attempts at more complex words.	<ul> <li>Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.</li> <li>Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters</li> <li>Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.</li> </ul>
Copy shapes, letters and pictures			





	Measure, Shape	and Spatial Thinking	
Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/ little/smaller',	Compare size, weights/mass, capacity	Compare size, weights/mass, capacity	Explore spatial reasoning
'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'	Introduce some 2D shape names	Length and Height	Match shapes, rotate and manipulate.
Notice patterns and arrange things in patterns.	Explore colour repeating patterns	Time (2) – problem solving	Visualise and build
Talk about and explore 2D and	Explore properties of shapes with 4 sides Positional language	Recognise and name some 3D shapes	Mapping
3D shapes using informal and mathematical language: e.g. 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.	Time – sequencing events in the day, days of	Spatial awareness Repeating shape & colour patterns	
Combine shapes to make new	the week, o'clock		
ones – an arch, a bigger triangle, etc.			
Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For			
example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper.			
Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs', etc.			

	Understanding the World				
		Past and Present			
Baseline	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term		
Begin to have an understanding for terms like: yesterday, last week and last year Appreciate that they may have siblings that are older than them and that they may be older than a younger sibling Appreciate that certain artefacts and resources are old and have been used before.	<ul> <li>their own experiences, eg. birthdays</li> <li>Known and understand that their grandparents are older than their parents</li> <li>Begin to be familiar with words and phrases associated with long ago such as 'in the past' or 'a long time ago.'</li> <li>Begin to understand that some familiar stories were set in a time before they were born.</li> </ul>	Recognise and describe special times or events for family and friends, e.g Eid, christening and Christmas Begin to compare and contrast characters in stories about the past	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society; Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.		

Show interest in the lives of people who are familiar to themShow an increased interest in the lives of people who are familiar to themDraw information from a simple map people who are familiar to themDescribe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and mapsRemember and talk about significant events in their own experienceBegin to understand that not all people celebrate the same things as themDraw information from a simple map between life in this country and life in other countriesDescribe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and mapsRemember and talk about significant events in their own experienceHave a greater understanding about why certain events are being celebratedRecognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different waysKnow some similarities and differences between religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in classRecognise and describe special times or events for family or friendsStart to show an interest in different occupations and ways of lifeExplain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - where appropriate –		Реор	le, Culture and Communities	
Start to show an interest in different occupations and ways of life     Name and describe people who are familiar to them     maps.	<ul> <li>the lives of people who are familiar to them</li> <li>Remember and talk about significant events in their own experience</li> <li>Recognise and describe special times or events for family or friends</li> <li>Start to show an interest in different occupations and</li> </ul>	Show an increased interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them Begin to understand that not all people celebrate the same things as them Have a greater understanding about why certain events are being celebrated Talk about people that are helpful to them both from within and outside of their family	Draw information from a simple map Recognise differences and similarities between life in this country and life in other countries Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways Start to show an interest in different occupations and ways of life Talk about members of their immediate family and community Name and describe people who are	knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps Know some similarities and differences between religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - where appropriate –

		The Natural World	
Ask questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live and the natural world Talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects Talk about why things happen and how things work Start to develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time Show care and concern for living things and the environment.	Have a greater awareness of seasonal change Ask questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world Ask questions about some of the things they have observed such as plants and animals.	The Natural World         Talk about why things happen and how things work         Understand more about growth, decay and changes over time         Identify features of living things such as animals with legs or those with wings         Explore the natural world around them         Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside         Recognise some environments which are different to the one in which they live         Understand the changing seasons on the natural world around them	

Expressive Arts and Design					
		eating With Materials			
Baseline	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term		
Explore colour and how colours can be changed Understand that they can use lines to enclose a space and then use these shapes to represent objects Show interest in and describe the texture of things Use various construction materials Begin to construct by stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces. Joining construction pieces together to build and balance.	Use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately Select the appropriate brush for a given purpose Explore what happens when they mix colour	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques Experiment with colour, design, texture, form and function Select tools and use techniques needed to shape, assembly and join materials they are using Understand that different media can be combined to make new effects,	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.		

Being Imaginative and Expressive			
Develop preferences for forms of expression.	Enjoy joining in with dancing and singing games Sing a few familiar songs Begin to move		Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher
Use movement to express feelings.	rhythmically	Sing songs, make music and experiment with ways of changing them	Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs
Create movement in response to music.	Imitate movement in response to music	Begin to build a repertoire of songs and dances	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move
Sing to self and make up simple	Tap out simple repeated rhythms	Explore the different sounds of	in time to music.
songs	Explore and learn how sounds can be changed	instruments	
Notice what adults do, imitate it when it has been observed and do it spontaneously when the adult is not there		Initiate new combinations of movements and gestures in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences.	
Engage in imaginative role play based on own first- hand experience			
Build stories around toys, e.g. firefighters rescuing trapped people.			
Using available resources to create props to support role play.			